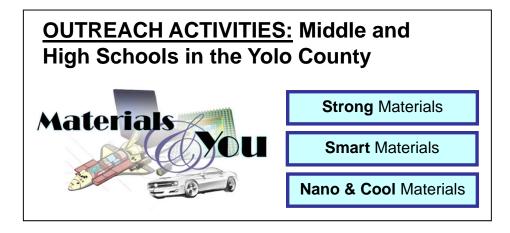
CAREER: Thermochemistry of Nanoceramics: Understanding and Controlling Phase Transformation and Sintering via Interface Energetics

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As in nanomaterials the interface term accounts for a larger fraction of the atomic volume, any interface energy change can affect processing driving forces. We measure surface and grain boundary energies of nanoceramics using calorimetry and conceptualize how to improve the control of sintering and phase transformation by monitoring and manipulating their driving forces.



Sintering studies: SnO₂ and ZnO doped with Mg or Mn and Mn or Sb.

$$\delta G_{sys} = \delta \int \gamma_S dA_S + \delta \int \gamma_{GB} dA_{GB}$$

Polymorphic stability studies ZrO₂ doped with Y or Mg.

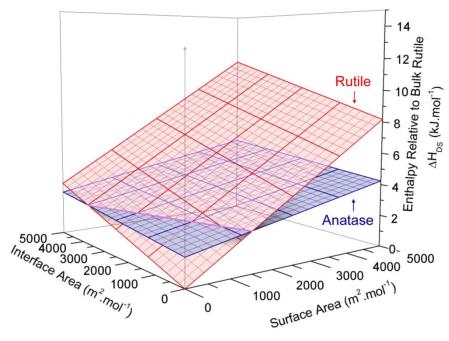


Figure: Effect of surface and grain boundary area in the stability of titania (TiO₂).